

Domestic violence is behavior someone uses to control a spouse, partner, date or elderly relative through fear and intimidation. It can involve emotional, sexual and physical abuse, as well as threats and isolation. In most cases, men are the abusers.

According to the National Domestic Violence Hotline, abuse can show itself in the following ways:

- Physical battering. The attacks can range from bruising to punching to life-threatening choking or use of weapons. A problem often begins with threats, name-calling and/or harm to objects or pets, but escalates into more serious attacks.
- Sexual abuse. A person is forced to have sexual intercourse with the abuser or take part in unwanted sexual activity.
- Psychological battering. Psychological violence can include constant verbal abuse, harassment, excessive possessiveness, isolating the victim from friends and family, withholding money, destruction of personal property and stalking. The person may accuse the victim of being stupid, ugly, unfaithful or having another fault, the American Bar Association (ABA) says.

Clues to violence

The following signs often appear before abuse occurs and can be a clue to a potential problem:

- Violent family life. People who grow up in families in which they were abused as children, or in which one parent beat the other, learn that violence is normal behavior.
- Use of force or violence to solve problems. A person who has a criminal record for violence, gets into fights or likes to act tough is likely to act the same way with his or her partner and children. Warning signs include having a quick temper, overreacting to little problems and frustrations, cruelty to animals, destroying or damaging objects you value, punching walls or throwing things when upset.
- Alcohol or drug abuse. Be alert to drinking/drug problems, particularly if the person refuses to admit a problem and get help.
- Jealous of friends and your family. The person keeps tabs on you and wants to know where you are at all times, or wants you to spend most of your time with him or her. The person makes it difficult for you to find or keep a job or go to school.

- Access to guns or other weapons. The person may threaten to use a weapon against you.
- Expecting you to follow his or her orders or advice. The person becomes angry if you don't fulfill his or her wishes or if you can't anticipate his or her wants. The person withholds money from you when you need it.
- Extreme emotional highs and lows. The person can be extremely kind one day and extremely cruel the next.
- You fear his or her anger. You change your behavior because you are afraid of the consequences of a fight.
- Rough treatment. The person has used physical force trying to get you to do something you don't want to do, or threatens you or your children.

If someone you are with exhibits these behaviors, talk with a domestic abuse counselor or another therapist about your situation. If you're in danger, call 911.

Abusers don't fit a particular character type, says the ABA. They may appear charming or they may seem to be angry. What is common among abusers are the signs listed above.

Krames Staywell

 $\underline{https://hhhealth.personaladvantage.com/syndication.jsp?module=section \ 010\&subtopic=10001625\&category=10000006\&resource=10047546}$

Helpful Resources

For Help and Services: Bridgeway Behavioral Health

Free HOTLINES: 1.877.946.6854 or 636.946.6854 – St. Charles County <u>OR</u> 1.877.462.1758 – Lincoln County

Safety Planning

Internet & Computer Safety

MCADSV

Legal Services

What is Domestic Violence?

Domestic violence is about power and control. It is not about being unable to control anger, the use of drugs or alcohol, or having a mental illness. It is a choice to abuse another person.

Abuse typically escalates in frequency and severity over time. Just because you are not being physically hurt, it does not mean you are not being abused.

If your partner is abusive towards you, please remember that you are not alone, and it is never your fault.

Quick Facts:

X 1 out of 3 American women are physically or sexually abused by a husband or partner at some point in their lives:

X Domestic violence is the leading cause of injury to women, ages 15-44, more common than car accidents; mugging and cancer deaths combined.

Between 3 and 10 million childrening the US are exposed to domestic violence each year, and 90% of children are aware of the violence directed towards their mother.

R 30 to 60% of partner abusers also abuse the children in the hausehold

"You counseled me, fed and clothed me, sheltered and supported me.
Then one day... I found that I could live without fear in my life."

BRIDGEWAY

a Bridgeway client

To learn more about Bridgeway Behavioral Health and the services we provide, or to find out how you can help, please visit our website:

victims and survivors

claim their voices,

find hope, and rebuild their lives.

Domestic Violence

We help

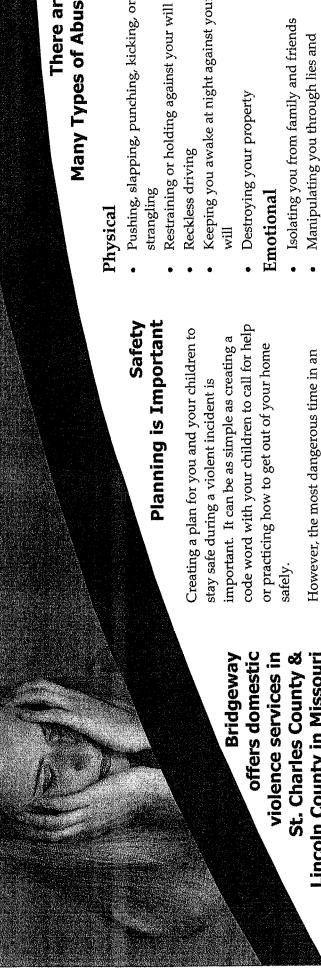
Restoring hope. Rebuilding lives.

Established 1978.

www.BridgewayBH.com

or contact our Development Department 636-916-3550
Development@BridgewayBH.com





Services include:

Lincoln County in Missouri

- 24-hour Crisis Hotline
- **Emergency Shelter**
- Court Advocacy
- Individual Counseling
- Domestic Violence Education for Child Witnesses
- Community Support Group
- Community Education and Prevention

All services are provided free of charge

BRIDGEWAY Behavioral Health

St. Charles County — 1-877-946-6854 Lincoln County — 1-877-462-1758

accessible to your abuser.

Driver's license or state ID

to gather the following items and store them leaving an abusive partner, it will be helpful

in a safe, convenient location that is not

attempt to leave. If you are considering

abusive relationship is when there is an

- Medications
- Order of Protection A bag of clothing
- **Birth Certificates**
- Social Security Card
- Work permits/green card
- Credit and debit cards, checkbook
- Money
- Lease, rental, or house deed
- Car registration and insurance
 - Address book
- Cell Phone
- Extra Keys

There are Many Types of Abuse

- Restraining or holding against your will
- Keeping you awake at night against your
- Isolating you from family and friends
 - Manipulating you through lies and contradictions
- Ridiculing or criticizing you in private and/or public
- Threatening to kidnap your children or

Sexual

- Forcing or coercing sex or sexual acts
- Accusing you of cheating
 - Cheating on you
- Withholding sex or affection as punishment
- Criticizing you sexually

Financial

- controlling your access to money Making you support the family;
- Not allowing you to work or sabotaging your attempts to work
- Putting assets under his name only
- Put bills/debts in your name only
- Ruining your credit